materials are set forth in appendix D to 34 CFR part 668.

- (4) The school shall maintain in the student borrower's file documents substantiating the school's compliance with paragraphs (f)-(g) of this section as to that borrower.
- (h) Treatment of excess loan proceeds. Except as provided under paragraph (i) of this section, or in the case of a student attending a foreign school, if, before the delivery of any Stafford or SLS loan disbursement, the school learns that the borrower will receive or has received financial aid for the period of enrollment for which the loan was made that exceeds the amount of assistance for which the student is eligible, the school shall reduce or eliminate the overaward by either—
- (1) Using the student's SLS, PLUS, nonsubsidized Stafford, or State-sponsored or private loan to cover the expected family contribution, if not already done;
- (2)(i) Returning the entire undelivered disbursement to the lender or escrow agent; and
- (ii) Providing the lender with a written statement—
- (A) Describing the reason for the return of the funds, if any;
- (B) Setting forth the student's revised financial need; and
- (C) Directing the lender to re-disburse a revised amount and, if necessary, revise subsequent disbursements to eliminate the overaward; or
- (3) Returning to the lender only the portion of the disbursement for which the student is ineligible and providing the lender with a written statement explaining the return of the funds.
- (i) For purposes of paragraph (h) of this section, funds obtained from any Federal College Work-Study employment that do not exceed the borrower's financial need by more than \$300 may

not be considered as excess loan proceeds.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0538)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1077, 1078, 1078–1, 1082, 1085, 1092, 1094)

[57 FR 60323, Dec. 18, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 9119, Feb. 19, 1993; 59 FR 25747, May 17, 1994; 59 FR 33358, June 28, 1994; 59 FR 61216, Nov. 29, 1994; 59 FR 61429, Nov. 30, 1994; 59 FR 61722, Dec. 1, 1994; 60 FR 30788, June 12, 1995; 60 FR 31411, June 15, 1995; 60 FR 61757, Dec. 1, 1995; 61 FR 60609, Nov. 29, 1996; 62 FR 63434, Nov. 28, 1997]

§682.605 Determining the date of a student's withdrawal.

- (a) Except in the case of a student who does not return for the next scheduled term following a summer break, which includes any summer term(s) in which classes are offered but students are not generally required to attend, a school shall follow the procedures in 34 CFR 668.22(j) for determining the student's date of withdrawal. In the case of a student who does not return from a summer break, the school must follow the procedures in 34 CFR 668.22(j) except that the school shall determine the student's withdrawal date no later than 30 days after the first day of the next scheduled term.
- (b) The school shall use the withdrawal date determined under 34 CFR 668.22(j) for the purpose of reporting to the lender the date that the student has withdrawn from the school.
- (c) For the purpose of a school's reporting to a lender, a student's withdrawal date is the month, day and year of the withdrawal date.

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[60 FR 61757, Dec. 1, 1995]

§682.606 [Reserved]

§ 682.607 Payment of a refund to a lender.

(a) *General*. By applying for a FFEL loan, a borrower authorizes the school